DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND POWER





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March 25, 1983

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"r. James H. Anthony Project Director Intermountain Power Project 031 General Office Building

> Meeting Retween the Utah Department of Wealth (DOM) and the Department Concerning Fugitive Emissions and Corputer Modeling for the Interrountain Power Project (IPF)

On March 15, 1983, Messrs. Stephen A. Clark (Advanced Projects, Environmental and Regulatory Affairs (APTRA)), Timothy L. Conkin (APFRA), James F. Bowers (Principal Scientist, H. E. Cramer Company), Alan Anderson (Staff Scientist, H. F. Cramer Company) and Robert Bryan (Technical Director of Air Quality Planning and Testing, Engineering-Science, Inc.) met in Salt Lake City, Utah, with Messrs. David O. Prey (Air Quality Technician, DOH), David O. Kopta (Public Mealth Engineer, DOM) and Carl Broadhead (Public Health Engineer, DOM).

The purpose of the meeting was to discuss the methodology to be used to quantify the fugitive emissions and to computer model the air quality impacts of the two-generating unit IPP design. The following is a summary of the reeting.

Quantification of Fugitive Emissions:

Mr. Bryan made a presentation to Messrs. Prey, Konta and Broathead regarding the general technique to be used to quantify the fugitive emissions for IPP. Mr. Bryan discussed the various literature sources of emission factors and expressed concern at the inaccuracy of these factors. Powever, Mr. Bryan explained that he will select factors that best apply to plant design and operations at IPP. The DOW appeared receptive to this approach.

It was pointed out that IPP is attempting to quantify emissions with real and not conceptual design as was previously done. It was further pointed out that the two-unit design has just recently become available.

The DOM expressed concern at the inaccuracy of fugitive emission factors and stated that they had not determined (except for haul roads) the factors appropriate for each emission source. The DOH stated that IPP could present emission factors to the DOH and justify their appropriateness. The DOH recommended that the emission factors selected be reviewed and approved by the DOH prior to the F. E. Cramer Company performing computer modeling. The following was concluded concerning fugitive emissions.



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- a. One emission factor previously used for determination of IPP emissions from coal piles was rejected by the DOP because it overpredicts emissions.
- b. The use of a DOM-approved emission factor for baul roads is required for emissions estimates at IPP.
- c. The DOH recognizes a day with snow cover as a rainy day for control of fugitive emissions.

2. Computer Modeling:

Mr. Bowers made a presentation to Mr. Prey regarding the history and validation of the computer rodeling methodology (SHORTZ and LONGZ) to be used for IPP and provided Mr. Prey with ample literature to analyze the technique in detail. Mr. Prey felt that the methodology is sufficient in detail and did not express concern. However, Mr. Prey will review the literature, talk with representatives of the Environmental Protection Agency (Mr. Powers provided the names) concerning the validity of the methodology and will accept or reject the methodology based on this input.

It was concluded that Mr. Prey will discuss technical issues with Mr. Bowers and will discuss policy decisions with Mr. Conkin or Mr. Clark. Mr. Prey would not cormit to a rigid timeframe for providing his decision but implied that the lecision would be made within two weeks.

If you have any questions or comments, please contact ir. Timothy L. Conkin on extension 579%.

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